

FOR EUROPE & AMERICA,  
INDIA, AUSTRALIA, &c., and for  
PRIVATE RESIDENTS AT THE  
HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS,  
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號九十九百九千五第

日七十月六年元統宣

HONGKONG, MONDAY, AUGUST 2ND, 1909.

一拜禮

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## S. MOUTRIE & CO., LIMITED.

[40-2]

## KOWLOON HOTEL

In honour of the 7th  
ANNIVERSARY OF THE CORONATION  
OF  
H.M. KING EDWARD THE VII.  
A CORONATION DINNER  
(Followed by an OPEN AIR CONCERT).  
Will be served  
On MONDAY, the 9th AUGUST, at 8 P.M.  
The famous 13th RAIPUTS BAND will  
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O. E. OWEN,  
Proprietor.

[4692]

## GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY

PORTLAND CEMENT.  
In Casks 375 lbs. net \$5.50 per cask ex Factory  
In Bags 250 lbs. net \$5.45 per bag ex Factory  
SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 29th April, 1908. [4327]

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TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.  
7.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.  
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
2.15 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
3.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
NIGHT CARS.  
8.45 p.m. & 9.00 p.m. 9.45 to 11.15 p.m.  
every 15 minutes.  
Extra Cars at 3.15 p.m., 11.30 p.m. and 11.45 p.m.  
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8.00 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
9.00 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. Every 30 minutes.  
9.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.  
11.45 a.m. to 12.00 Noon. Every 15 minutes.  
12.00 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
1.30 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
5.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.  
7.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.  
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Company's Office, Alexandra Buildings, Des  
Voeux Road Central.  
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,  
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Hongkong, 1st April, 1909. [549]

DR. M. H. CHAUN.

THE latest Method of the AMERICAN  
SYSTEM OF DENTISTRY.  
35, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.  
From the University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A.  
Hongkong, 17th April, 1907. [415]

## SIEN TING

SURGEON DENTIST.  
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TERMS VERY MODERATE.  
Consultation Free.  
Hongkong, 21st September, 1905. [504]

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[4314]

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[451]



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THE LEADING BEER IN THE  
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Hongkong, 21st July, 1909. [435]

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THE BEST IN THE MARKET

95 CENTS - PER TIN.

THIS ASPARAGUS IS PACKED WHERE GROWN AND  
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INSURING ALL ITS FRESHNESS AND DELICACY OF FLAVOUR.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1909. [433]

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THE FAR EAST AND EUROPE, VIA DAIREN.

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Lv. —Mukden ...	11 a.m.		
Ar. —Changchun ...	8.50 p.m.		
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Ar. —Shanghai (Steamer) ...	5 a.m.	Monday	Wednesday
Ar. —Harbin ...	5.55 a.m.		
Ar. —Shanghai ...	3 p.m.		

Connecting at Harbin with {

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Leave—Harbin (Russian Train) ...	Thursday	Saturday	
Arrive—Changchun ...	Monday	Wednesday	
Ar. —Mukden ...	9 a.m.		
Ar. —Dairen ...	2.10 a.m.		
Ar. —Shanghai (Steamer) ...	2.30 a.m.		
Ar. —Harbin ...	12.30 p.m.		
Ar. —Shanghai ...	afternoon.	Friday	Sunday

Connecting at Harbin with {

SOUTH-BOUND.			
Leave—Harbin (Russian Train) ...	Thursday	Saturday	
Arrive—Changchun ...	Monday	Wednesday	
Ar. —Mukden ...	9 a.m.		
Ar. —Dairen ...	2.10 a.m.		
Ar. —Shanghai (Steamer) ...	2.30 a.m.		
Ar. —Harbin ...	12.30 p.m.		
Ar. —Shanghai ...	afternoon.	Friday	Sunday

\*Russian Train time is 23 minutes earlier than S. M. R. time.

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MAKES  
OBTAINABLE AT ALL STORES  
OR FROM THE  
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will be refused our pills. [434]

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CALIBRE 7.65 mm.  
With CHAMBER for 8 CARTRIDGES  
FIRING 8 SHOTS IN 2 SECONDS.  
SIEMSEN & Co.  
Hongkong, 6th March, 1907. [47]

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Repeater English Manufacturers. In  
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SMOKELESS POWDERS and CHILLED  
SHOTS. From No. 10 to 88SG. at 26, 37 and  
47.50 per 100. SPORTING REQUISITES  
and AIR GUNS in Variety.  
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Hongkong, 26th October, 1906. [423]

## HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LIMITED.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that, on and  
after the 19th current, the Selling Price  
of ICE will be INCREASED to ONE CENT  
Per Pound.

J. B. MATHESON & Co., Ltd.,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd.  
Hongkong, 13th July, 1909. [497]

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JUST UNPACKED HORROCKS'S  
BEST QUALITY FINEST DRILLS  
FOR PRESENT SEASON.  
For LADIES' SKIRTS, DRESSES, and  
BOYS' SUITS.  
And also GENTLEMEN'S SUITS, &c.  
HOOSAIN-ALI & Co.,  
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Hongkong, 26th July, 1909. [41]

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Inspection Invited. [910]

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String Band Plays during Dinner and Dinner.  
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Private Bar and Billiard Room for Hotel  
Residents.  
Electric Lifts to each Floor.  
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Every Comfort.  
Ladies' Afternoon Tea Rooms.  
Ladies' Dressing Rooms.  
Matron in attendance.  
CHARGES MODERATE, AND NO EXTRAS.  
A. F. DAVIES, Manager.  
[42]

## KING EDWARD HOTEL

A HIGH CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.

Ladies' Afternoon Tea Rooms.  
Private Bar and Billiard Rooms.  
Hot and Cold Water throughout.  
Electrically Lighted; Electric Fans (if  
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Electric Passenger Elevator to each floor.  
Table D'Hôte at separate tables.  
For Terms, &c., apply to the  
MANAGER.  
Hongkong, 24th July, 1906. [499]

## "KINGSCLERE," PRIVATE HOTEL.

APPROACH FROM KENNEDY ROAD AND  
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Telegraphic Address: "SACROSOLA"  
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ELECTRIC LIGHT, Hot and Cold Water  
throughout. Billiards, Tennis, Croquet,  
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Proprietress, Mrs. G. SACHSE.  
[45]

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STANDING in its own grounds with Tennis  
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Well Furnished Rooms, every home comfort.  
Fine View of the Harbour.  
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"Braeside," 20, Macdonnell Road.  
Hongkong, 4th December, 1907. [444]

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A thoroughly First-Class and Up-to-Date Hotel

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Table D'Hôte at Separate Tables.  
MODERATE RATES.

Telegraphic address: "Comfort," Hongkong.  
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M. MATTHEW, Proprietress.  
Hongkong, 5th October, 1906. [443]

## "BOA VISTA" (HOTEL-SANITARIUM OF SOUTH CHINA). MACAO.

The Hotel is under European manage-  
ment and most strict supervision as to  
food, cleanliness and hygiene of the place.  
All comforts of a home.  
A most pleasant retreat for those desirous for  
a few days rest and quiet.  
Comfortable accommodation for travellers  
paying a visit to the historical and picturesque  
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Macao is 40 miles south-west of Hongkong.  
Two steamers (ss. *Sun An* and *Sun Tai*) daily to  
and from Hongkong, and two steamers to and  
from Canton, give easy communication with  
both these centres.  
Cable Address: "BOA VISTA."  
For Terms, apply to  
THE MANAGER.  
[496]

## VICTORIA HOTEL

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SITUATED IN THE CENTRE OF PRATA GRANDIN  
Both Hotels electrically lighted, and under  
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GUIDES AND CHAIRS PROVIDED.  
Every information and Special attention given  
to Tourists.

REASONABLE RATES.  
WM. FARMER,  
Proprietor.  
[4625]

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DIVISION STREET, KOBE.  
FIRST-CLASS CUISINE.  
COMFORTABLE & AIRY BEDROOMS.  
SITUATED IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE HARBOUR  
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BEST WINES AND LIQUORS SUPPLIED.  
Special arrangements for a long stay.  
F. DOMBALLE Proprietor  
M. MAILLE [46]



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as a Turkish Bath.

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HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY THE  
MEDICAL PROFESSIONIn three strengths, containing 5%, 10% and 20%  
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Containing:

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CARBOLIC ACID

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO.,

LIMITED,

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY  
AND KOWLOON DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 19th July, 1909.

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column should be addressed to THE EDITOR.  
Correspondents must forward their names and  
addresses with communications addressed to the  
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## The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, AUGUST 2ND, 1909.

We doubt if any of the distinguished  
representatives of the Chinese Empire who  
have ever set foot in this Colony of  
Hongkong came here with more pleasure-  
anticipations than H. E. Viceroy  
CHANG JEN-CHUN, who has just spent two  
days in the Colony; certainly there has  
been none whom it has given the Colony  
greater pleasure to welcome. Viceroy CHANG  
during his three years at Canton has  
maintained the most cordial relations  
with the Government of this Colony. His  
Excellency's donation of two lakhs of  
dollars to the Endowment Fund of the  
proposed University and his efforts to  
obtain contributions from the wealthy  
residents of the two provinces under his  
Government, in the hope that a total of  
about half a million dollars may be forth-  
coming from the two provinces of China  
nearest to Hongkong, affords very tangible  
proof of His Excellency's appreciation of  
this Colony as being in the widest and best  
sense of the term an educational centre  
which has been of great benefit to China  
in the past, and likely to prove of  
immense service in the future, now that  
China is beginning to remodel her institu-  
tions on Western lines and to make use of  
Western scientific methods for the develop-  
ment of the vast resources of her great  
Empire. The two days spent in this Colony  
have been full of interest for His Excellency,  
while the advantage to the Colony of such a  
visit, we cannot doubt, will not prove un-  
stantial. As time goes on it becomes more

and more important that the most friendly  
relations should be cultivated between the  
Governments of Canton and Hongkong,  
and we view with the greatest satisfaction  
the progress made in that direction during  
the past two years, thanks alike to the  
diplomacy and tact of Sir FREDERICK  
LUGARD and the wisdom and fore-  
sight of H. E. CHANG. As is clearly  
shown the interesting dispatch on the  
University project, written by the  
Viceroy to the chief officials of the various  
Government Bureaux under his jurisdic-  
tion, which will be found reproduced  
in another column, His Excellency is a  
man of progressive ideas. He was not slow  
to appreciate the fact that the University  
which it is proposed to establish in the  
Colony would offer important  
advantages to the youth of China and  
is likely to be of "real use" in the  
development of the industrial and com-  
mercial enterprises on which there is now a  
noticeably growing tendency in China to en-  
bark. His Excellency's visit has doubt-  
less given him a better idea than any num-  
ber of the reports can do of the opportunities  
which abound in Hongkong for Chinese  
youths to acquire a practical training in  
Applied Science. His visit to the Taikoo  
Dockyard must have made an indelible  
impression on his mind and enabled him to  
realise more clearly than he had probably  
ever realised before what important advan-  
tages are gained by Chinese youths working  
in establishments such as this, equip-  
ped with the most modern scientific  
appliances. As His Excellency ponders  
over what he has seen in Hongkong  
and all that it imports, he will  
not fail to recognise how much China is  
already indebted to Hongkong, which  
has educated during the past sixty years  
so many thousands of Chinese youths who  
are now prominently identified with the new  
political, educational, industrial and com-  
mercial developments in China. His Ex-  
cellency also, has probably recognised better  
than any of his predecessors in the Viceroy  
Yamen at Canton the disadvantage which  
attaches to the rule forbidding a Viceroy to  
travel outside his jurisdiction. Were it  
permissible for the Viceroy to exchange  
occasional visits with the Governor of  
Hongkong, we cannot doubt that it would  
be mutually advantageous. When the  
railway from Kowloon to Canton is com-  
pleted the identity of interests between the  
Colony and the neighbouring province will  
become increasingly evident, and it will be  
to the mutual advantage of the Colony and  
the neighbouring empire if the highly satis-  
factory relations which have been established  
between the two Governments can not only  
be maintained but strengthened as time  
goes on. The fact that the successor of  
H. E. CHANG, while filling the post of  
Taotai at Shanghai, had the misfortune to  
come into serious conflict with foreign in-  
terests there, has excited some doubt as to  
whether these friendly relations are likely to  
be maintained in his time, but while we  
have as Governor of Hongkong an adminis-  
trator of Sir FREDERICK LUGARD's tact  
and ability, and at Canton a Viceroy of  
H. E. YUAN's education and intelligence,  
gloomy anticipations of this kind are to be  
depreciated. We sincerely hope that they  
will be as completely and agreeably falsified  
as they have been in the case of H. E.  
CHANG.

Seoul, the capital of Korea is to be provided  
with an electric tramway by a Japanese com-  
pany.

We have received a copy of an excellent  
photograph taken by A. Fong of the Viceroy  
party on the steps at the entrance to Govern-  
ment House.

H. E. the Governor has been pleased to  
recognise, provisionally and pending the re-  
ceipt of His Majesty's exequatur, Mr. T.  
Funakura as Consul for Japan at Hongkong.

His Majesty the King has been pleased to  
approve the appointment of the Hon. Mr. A.  
W. Brown to be an official member of the  
Executive Council during the absence on leave  
of the Hon. Dr. J. M. Atkinson.

Mr. A. E. Wright has been deputed by  
H. E. the Governor-in-Council to act on behalf  
of the Building Authority in all cases referred  
to in sections 203-207 of Ordinance 1 of 1903  
in connection with dangerous buildings.

With regard to the imposition of three new  
taxes on foreigners living outside the treaty  
limits in Korea the Foreign Consular Body at  
Seoul recently held a consultation and have in-  
formed the Residency-General that they see no  
objection to the new departure.

Mr. J. A. Lowry was entertained to a com-  
plimentary dinner at the Hongkong Hotel on  
Saturday night by his office colleagues. The  
gathering included a number of other journalistic  
friends. In the course of the evening he was  
presented with an illuminated address. Mr.  
Lowry is proceeding to Bangkok to take up the  
position of official shorthand writer at the  
Supreme Court.

A case of plague was notified on Saturday, the  
dead body of a Chinese being found in a boat  
near Yamat. This case brings the number for  
the year up to 130.

The East Asiatic Company, Ltd., at Bangkok  
have secured a contract for twenty thousand  
tons of steel rails for the new Penang line of  
railway, and construction work is to commence  
forthwith.

The financial statement prepared by the  
Colonial Treasurer for the month of May shows  
that the balance of assets and liabilities on  
April 30th was \$205,037.42, while the revenue  
from May 1st to 31st was \$475,370.31, leaving  
a credit balance of \$267,332.89. Against this  
there was an expenditure of \$77,515.26, which  
leaves a credit balance of \$444,846.15.

A statement of the Colony's assets and  
liabilities on May 31st shows that the total  
liabilities were \$375,489.03, while the total li-  
abilities were \$720,335.18. Reimbursement due by  
railway construction account on December 1st  
was \$1,356,136.50, less a credit balance on  
account of 1909, which brought the amount to  
\$899,550.71. The balance of assets in the  
general account thus stands at \$1,244,396.86.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased  
to appoint Mr. C. W. Beckwith, Lieutenant,  
R.N., to act as Harbour Master, Marine  
Magistrate, Emigration and Customs Officer,  
Registrar of Shipping, Superintendent of the  
Gunpowder Depot, Collector of Light Dues, and  
Superintendent of Imports and Exports, during  
the absence on leave of Commander B. R. H.  
Taylor, Commander, R.N., or until further  
notice, with effect from the 4th proximo.

An interesting legal question has arisen in  
connection with the arrest at Penang of Mr.  
C. J. Roberts on a charge of embezzlement from  
the Bangkok Office of the Standard Oil Co.  
The warrant for arrest was issued by the British  
Court on the 9th July and sent to the police  
for execution, being returned by them on the  
13th with the intimation that they were unable  
to find Mr. Roberts in Siam. It is contended  
that the warrant was issued after the treaty  
was ratified, and this is the point in dispute.  
It is said that the Treaty was not actually  
ratified in London until five o'clock on the  
afternoon of the 9th, i.e., six or seven hours  
later in Bangkok.

## LOCAL SPORT.

## LAWN TENNIS.

The concluding match of the League com-  
petition was played on Saturday afternoon on  
King's Park between the Kowloon Cricket  
Club and the Civil Service. The result was a  
foregone conclusion. The home team won  
easily, though it was surprising to see Lapsley  
and Duncan go down before every pair that they  
met. The scores were: Kowloon, 65 games;  
Civil Service, 36 games.

Details are appended:  
Green and Clelland beat Biden and Pile 10-1.  
Hutchinson and Wood 8-3, McKensie and  
Woodcock 9-2.  
Duncan and Lapsley lost to McKensie and  
Woodcock 5-6, Hutchinson and Wood 5-6, Biden  
and Pile 5-6.  
Brewer and A. N. Other beat McKensie and  
Woodcock 7-4, Hutchinson and Wood 8-3, Biden  
and Pile 5-6.

The Kowloon record for the season is 454  
games won and 217 lost.

On the 14th inst. a match will be played on  
the King's Park between four pairs represent-  
ing Kowloon and four pairs representing the  
remainder of the League, at the conclusion of  
which the League trophy will be presented.

## LAWN BOWLS.

CIVIL SERVICE V. TAIKOO.  
The Quarry Bay players were visitors at the  
Happy Valley on Saturday, when an interesting  
match ensued.

Taikoo	Civil Service
J. Dickie	R. Fenton
G. Boulton	J. Whitshire
W. Hardwick	J. J. Blake
T. Shand	J. A. Wessell
(skip)..... 21	(skip)..... 27
J. McIntyre	W. Fincher
H. L. Herron	E. W. Dawson
H. Dinning	W. H. Walley
A. S. Currie	L. E. Brett
(skip)..... 22	(skip)..... 16
P. T. Farrell	P. B. Adams
A. Hamilton	E. Hudson
G. Grimshaw	W. S. Diggins
T. Scott	C. Bond
(skip)..... 10	(skip)..... 34
E. Gray	A. Thornhill
W. J. Eldridge	W. Gast
J. Taylor	F. Allen
R. Duncan	M. McIver
(skip)..... 7	(skip)..... 31
Total..... 60	Total..... 108

At the conclusion Mr. Hardwick on behalf of  
the Taikoo Club thanked the Civil Service for  
an enjoyable game and called for three cheers  
and the inevitable tiger. Mr. Percy Adams  
replied for the home team, remarking that they  
had looked forward to the deciding game of the  
rubber with some anxiety. Cheers were given for  
the visitors.

## KOWLOON BOWLING CLUB.

A match between teams selected by the  
secretary (Mr. T. Ramsay), and the Treasurer  
(Mr. E. L. Hughes) was played on Saturday  
afternoon and resulted in a win for the latter  
by 11 points.

Treasurer's team—J. Panchon, W. Brown,  
D. Gow and W. Russell (skip) 20. Secretary's  
team—W. J. Crawford, E. B. Ayris D. Keith,  
J. J. McDonald (skip) 16.

Treasurer's team—A. C. Squair, J. Menzies,  
G. R. Edwards, and E. L. Hughes (skip) 19.  
Secretary's team—G. L. Duncan, W. Taylor,  
D. Harvey, and T. Ramsay (skip) 12.

## TELEGRAMS.

[Protected by the Telegraphic Message  
Copyright Ordinance 1884.][REUTERS'S SERVICE TO THE "HONGKONG  
DAILY PRESS."]SPANISH QUEENS ON THE  
FRENCH FRONTIER.

PREPARED FOR EVERY EMERGENCY.

LONDON, July 31st.

Despite reassuring statements in  
Madrid, general pessimism prevails  
regarding the outcome of affairs in  
Morocco.

Queen Victoria and Queen Christina  
are visiting Bayonne, on the French  
frontier, and it is stated that the length  
of their stay depends upon events,  
but they are prepared for every  
emergency.

BURNING OF CONVENTS AT  
BARCELONA.

LONDON, July 31st.

Refugees from Barcelona declare  
that Revolutionaries burned all the  
Convents.

The Monguich fortress bombarded  
Rambla and other promenades.

The dead are variously estimated  
at from 400 to 1,000.

## THE FRENCH NAVY.

RADICAL CHANGES.

LONDON, July 31st.

The French Cabinet has decided  
that radical changes on an unprece-  
dented scale shall be made in the higher  
personnel of the naval administration,  
while a number of new appointments  
to commands afloat will be made.

## THE FROZEN PIG TRADE.

LONDON, July 31st.

The first consignment of nearly  
five thousand frozen Chinese pigs for  
the London market have arrived and  
are being minutely examined by the  
medical officer of health. The ex-  
amination will last several days.

## THE TSAR IN FRANCE.

LONDON, July 31st.

The Tsar and Tsarina have arrived  
at Cherbourg, where they reviewed  
the French fleet.

DESTRUCTIVE EARTHQUAKE  
IN MEXICO.

LONDON, July 31st.

An earthquake has destroyed  
Chilpanango (Chilpancingo?), Chilapa,  
and the half of Acapulco. Hundreds  
of lives have been lost and enormous  
damage has been done in Iguala and  
the state of Guerrero.

## VICEROY CHANG JEN-CHUN.

His Excellency Chang Jen-Chun, who spent  
the night at Glenalee, the residence of His  
Excellency Kao Erh Chien, received numerous  
calls there on Saturday, among the number  
being the Governor. The distinguished visitor  
having expressed a wish to meet Mr. Mody,  
the father of the University scheme, arrange-  
ments were made with Sir Paul Chater for the  
introduction to be made at the residence of the  
latter, and about eleven o'clock His Excellency  
and his suite, with a number of other guests,  
arrived at Marble Hall, where Sir Paul and  
Mr. Mody received the party. After the  
formal presentation, Mr. Mody addressing the  
Viceroy expressed his pleasure at having met  
him and also expressed his thanks to him for  
the great interest he had shown in the univer-  
sity project. The speech having been inter-  
preted by Mr. Harris, Commissioner of  
Customs, His Excellency bowed his acknowledg-  
ments. After refreshments had been served,  
Sir Paul Chater conducted the party over his  
residence and explained to them the most  
interesting features of his priceless collection  
of porcelain. So great an impression did this  
make on the Viceroy that on leaving he re-  
quested Mr. Harris to express his thanks to the  
"Porcelain King."

The party then returned to Glenalee where  
they were entertained by Commissioner Kao,  
and about four o'clock the Viceroy and his  
suite re-embarked on the "Hsin Ming" which  
steamed out of the harbour shortly afterwards  
bound for Shanghai.

## CANTON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

July 31st.

THE ELECTRIC COMPANY.  
H. E. the Viceroy has reported to the Throne  
the completion of the transfer of the Throe  
Light and Power Company's property to the  
Chinese Government. The amount agreed upon to  
be paid to the Company is \$1,530,000, and of  
this sum \$100,000 has already been paid as  
bargain money. The new concern will be under  
the control of the Board of Posts and Com-  
munications, assisted by a Board of Directors  
consisting of the Provincial Treasurer, the Salt  
Commissioner, the Taotai of Industries, and  
Expectant Taotai Li Chit Tsun and Poon Po  
Hung.

THE MACAO DELIMITATION QUESTION.  
A local paper publishes the following tele-  
gram from its Peking correspondent:—  
"H. E. Kao Erh Hin has telegraphed to the  
Waiwupa reporting that the Portuguese have  
demanded two conditions from him before the  
question of the Macao Boundary can be settled.  
One is that the newly-opened port of Hong-  
chow should not be allowed to take away the  
trade of Macao. The other is that all the  
Chinese at present in Macao should be compelled  
to become Portuguese subjects."

It is reported that the Waiwupa has again  
telegraphed to His Excellency Kao Erh Hin to  
do his best to protect the interests of China in  
the question of the Macao Boundary.

The natives of Kwangtung trading in Fukien  
have also telegraphed to him in the same sense,  
adding that they are prepared to sacrifice their  
fortunes and their lives to see that China obtains  
her rights.

THE CANTON-HANKOW RAILWAY.  
Construction work on the Canton-Hankow  
Railway having now been in progress a  
year, Sir Chan Tung Liang Sheng, the  
Superintendent of the Railway, has tele-  
graphed to the Board of Posts and Com-  
munications for instructions with regard to the  
further working of the railway. The Board  
has expressed its satisfaction with Sir Liang's  
administration, and has reappointed him as  
Superintendent. It has also ordered the election  
of new Directors.

Taotai Wong Ping Yan, Director of the  
Canton-Hankow Railway, has telegraphed to  
the Board of Posts and Communications report-  
ing that he has received a petition signed by  
over 400,000 shareholders in the railway pray-  
ing that Sir Chan Tung Liang Sheng be pre-  
served upon to continue to act as Superintend-  
ent of the Railway. The shareholders place  
implicit confidence in Sir Chan, and they regret  
that he still intends to relinquish the appoint-  
ment. In the ordinary course, Sir Chan will  
cease to act as Superintendent at the expiration  
of this month.

OPIMUM SUPPRESSION.  
The Tartar-General is taking strict measures  
to suppress the opium habit among the Forces.  
About a month ago he ordered every official and  
soldier to abandon the opium habit within a  
month. The month is up, and he has ordered  
the isolation of every soldier for five days in the  
Flowery Pagoda, to test whether they have  
actually freed themselves from the habit.

CREDITORS REFUSE TO KNEEL.  
The following comes from Wuchow:—A  
native merchant in Nanning failed in business.  
He owed about \$40,000 to various banks, and  
his creditors instituted an action against him  
at the Nanning Magistracy. When the case  
came on for hearing, the creditors, one and all,  
refused to kneel before the Magistrate. The  
Magistrate was enraged, and insisted on their  
kneeling instantly. They were obstinate, and  
referred him to an Imperial Edict issued last  
year abolishing the custom of kneeling. They  
further stated that rather than kneel to him  
they would relinquish the claim. On the Magis-  
trate again insisting they left the Court and  
abandoned their claim.

AN INDIGNITY RESSENTED BY JAPANESE  
INSTRUCTORS.

Recently the Governor of Kwangsi instructed  
the Taotai of Agriculture and Industries,  
Wong Kwan Chuen, to engage two qualified  
foreigners to instruct the people of Kwangsi in  
agriculture and other industries. The Taotai  
succeeded in securing the services of two  
Japanese, and on their arrival the Governor  
prepared a banquet in their honour. On  
reaching the Yamen, they found that the  
Governor had ordered that the main gate was  
not to be opened to them, but that they were to  
enter by the side gates. The Japanese, there-  
upon considered their dignity had been lowered,  
left without attending the banquet, and instan-  
tly resigned their posts as instructors.

CONTRACTOR'S DEFALCATIONS.

It will be remembered that when Viceroy  
Chou Fu was here he ordered the confiscation  
of the property of Chan Lin Tai, the contractor  
undertaking the reclamation, on account of  
certain defalcations. The family of Chan have  
petitioned the Viceroy for the return of the  
property as they are left unprotected. The  
Viceroy has ordered the Nam Hoi Magistrate  
to hold an investigation into the case and to  
return one quarter of the confiscated property  
if he is satisfied that the case is a deserving one.

## LATEST STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. & O. str. *Galeonia* left Singapore for  
this port on the 29th inst., at 6 p.m., with the  
outward English mails, and is due here on the  
4th instant at about 7 a.m.

The N.G.L. str. *Albatross* left Singapore for this  
port on the 31st instant morning, and may be  
expected here on or about the 5th inst.

The C.P.R. str. *Empress of Japan* arrived  
Nagasaki at 6 a.m. on the 31st inst., and left  
again at 4 p.m. same day for Shanghai, where  
she was due to arrive at midnight on the 1st  
inst.

The I.G.M. str. *Prins Waldemar* left Sydney  
on the 29th ult. at 4 p.m., and may be expected  
here on or about the 20th inst.

## BRANDY FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.

INTERESTING CASES AT THE MAGISTRACY.

The hearing of the summonses against Mrs.  
Meyer, of the Colonial Hotel, Tai Sing, com-  
pradors, Queen's Road Central, and Chuen  
Chung, compradors, Arsenal Street, for selling  
brandy not of the nature demanded, came on at  
the Magistracy on Saturday before Mr. F. A.  
Hazelard. The defendants were also summoned  
for selling adulterated brandy.

Mr. F. B. L. Bowley, Crown Solicitor, pro-  
secuted in all the cases; Mr. John Hastings  
defended Tai Sing and Chuen Chung; and Mr.  
S. Dickson, from Mr. R. A. Harding's office,  
represented Mrs. Meyer.

Mr. Bowley stated that on the 7th of July  
Inspector Gourlay, acting as Inspector of  
Weights and Measures, went to each of the  
three premises mentioned and purchased a bottle  
of brandy, selecting in each case the particular  
kind required. The bottle obtained at the  
Colonial Hotel had a very beautiful label,  
decorated in gilt with stars and describing the  
contents as "very fine old brandy." Several  
medals obtained at exhibitions were represented  
by illustrations, and altogether the label  
was well got up and very much decorated.  
The price paid for the bottle was \$1. At  
Tai Sing's shop the Inspector paid 50 cents for  
a bottle, which was also represented as contain-  
ing three-star brandy, the label being decorated, and  
the contents described as "extra superior old  
brandy." This label also bore representations  
of several medals. At Chuen's shop the In-  
spector bought a bottle for 65 cents, this being  
labelled as "fine old cognac" and described as  
the Eagle Brand. Besides the three stars on  
the label there was a rather elaborate representa-  
tion of the leaf of a vine. It was quite clear  
that all the bottles were sold as containing  
brandy. The standard of brandy was that it  
must contain 80 grammes of ether in every  
100 metres of spirit. It was the ether  
contained in brandy that gave it its pecu-  
liar stimulating effect. A spirit without ether  
was not brandy at all. It was not sug-  
gested by the prosecution that there was  
anything at all injurious to health in any of the  
bottles purchased, nor was it suggested that  
their contents had been adulterated by water so  
as to increase its bulk. But the analysis showed  
that the bottle sold by Mrs. Meyer contained at  
least 75 per cent. of spirit which was not derived  
from the juice of the grape, that sold by  
Chuen Chung contained 49 per cent., and that  
by Tai Sing 84 per cent. The percentage of  
solid matter in each bottle was normal,  
but the percentage of free acid was very  
low indeed, and when that was low the other  
also was low. The alcoholic strength and degree  
below proof were 19.8 in the case of the Colonial  
Hotel, which was quite sufficient, in the case of  
Tai Sing the alcoholic strength was 26.7, which  
was below the standard allowed by 1.7 per cent.,  
but no weight was attached to that, because a  
margin of two per cent. either way was not  
objectionable. Chuen Chung's was 20 per cent.  
below proof, which was also well within the  
quantity allowed. What it all came to was that  
the brandy had been adulterated by pure alcohol,  
in order to cheapen it.

Inspector Gourlay gave formal evidence of  
his purchases. Cross-examined by Mr. Hastings  
he denied asking for the cheapest brandy at Tai  
Sing's. He simply asked for it because he had  
not seen the label before.

Rather funny, isn't it that you should hit  
upon the cheapest?—I was surprised at the  
price when he told me that it was 50 cents.

I suppose you know that Hennessy's and  
Martell's are high price brandies?—Yes.

And you carefully avoided these?—I did not  
want them.

Did you expect to obtain pure brandy obtained  
solely from the juice of the grape for 50 cents?—  
I thought it could not be so for 50 cents.

In answer to Mr. Dickson, witness said Mrs.  
Meyer told him that she obtained the brandy  
from Messrs. Heiback & Co. He did not suggest  
that Mrs. Meyer adulterated the brandy. That  
would have been impossible, as the bottle was  
sealed with a label.

Mr. F. Brown, Government Analyst, also  
put in his certificates of analysis.

Mr. Hastings—You say in your certificate that  
it contains a certain percentage of spirit not  
derived from the juice of the grape. Are you  
prepared to say what it is derived from?—I  
am not.

Isn't it extremely difficult, or impossible,  
for an analyst to tell from what the spirit in  
brandy is derived?—It is possible from the  
ethers to say how much is brandy spirit.

Is it not possible that the ethers may be  
reduced in quantity by other reasons than what  
you have given us?—No, not below 80 degrees.  
Brandy cannot be regarded as genuine unless it  
contains 80 degrees of ethers.

In the manufacture of brandy water is always  
added, isn't it?—Yes.

Supposing the water added is slightly alkaline  
would it not seriously affect the ethers in the  
brandy?—Not seriously.

But it would affect it?—To a trifling and  
unimportant extent.

Have you ever tried the experiment?—No,  
but I know the experiment.

Do you agree that in the present state of  
knowledge it is impossible to tell from an  
analytical point of view the origin of the spirit  
in brandy?—Modified to some extent, I do. I  
agree that you cannot tell the source of the  
spirit in brandy.

Witness said many eminent authorities were  
divided on the matter.

His Worship said he would like to have those  
opinions, and witness agreed to produce them,  
the cases being adjourned until Wednesday,  
11th inst.



## RANDOM REFLECTIONS.

Has the scare which recently affected Britain spread to Hongkong? It looks like it when we find some thin-skinned individual rushing into print and demanding to know, because a German flag was floating gaily in the breeze at Knutsford Terrace, if the German Consul has taken up his residence there, and suggesting that he is not so that the hoisting of the flag is not in good taste. I have no brief for the parties concerned, but I understand the flag was displayed by some Germans in a blaze of patriotic enthusiasm. It meant nothing to outsiders, but it meant that the young fellows were pleased with themselves and jubilant by displaying their national flag. Surely Britons are not so stupid as to see in this an attempt on the part of our Teutonic friends to take possession of our tight little island. Please don't misunderstand me when I use the word tight.

I heard some remarks recently about the utility and beauty of the Clock Tower, but I think the spirited defence of the old landmark made by a contributor to the *Daily Press* not so long ago is too fresh in most minds to need restatement. One reason suggested why it should remain is that it is a support and a guide for the befuddled sojourner who is finding his way home after the delectable. Perhaps this is not an argument which would weigh very seriously, but all the same it might be mentioned.

Not so long ago guidance at home had quite a busy time trying to decide what whisky was. Now a similar question has arisen in Hongkong and legal men are running to argument over the point: "What is brandy?" It is asserted that brandy must contain a certain amount of ether in so much spirit and a spirit without ether is not brandy at all. Brandy at fifty cents a bottle is, to say the least, a marvel of cheapness, and what else it is remains to be decided. One thing should not be overlooked and that is that temperance does not suffer through the State insisting that liquors supplied shall not only be pure but shall be what they purport to be.

Turtle hunting is responsible for several Hongkong parties returning to town looking dishevelled and drowsy. One of them struck it lucky on Friday night when no fewer than four turtles were captured. The total weight of the catch aggregated something like fourteen hundred pounds, which, were it put on the London market, would realise quite a substantial sterling equivalent. Not a bad night's work. It certainly suggests that it is more profitable to turn a turtle than to catch a crab.

The ex-Viceroy of Canton, who has been a distinguished visitor to Hongkong, must be built on heroic lines. The desire to acquire knowledge at first hand led him to visit Tai Koo Dockyard on Friday and to inspect operations where the thermometer climbed several degrees above a hundred. Yet he went through it as if he enjoyed it. The thirst for information was not so strong in several who accompanied him. Their thirst was of quite a different nature. It led to the inspection of the contents of bottles.

The Viceroy's visit was interesting for its revelation of the vagaries which are possible in the attire of European gentlemen. To dress properly the gentlemen should have turned out in frock hat, silk coat, with a pair of trousers of resilient pattern or stripe, but few attempted to carry out the sartorial code in all its completeness. All sorts of compromises were effected, and it must be conceded that certain of the innovations were rational, such as the topee replacing the stove pipe, but what can be said of such a weird combination as white trousers, frock coat and topee? Compared with the Oriental prescribed form of ceremonial garb such a commingling of the dress attire with that of the negligé must have appeared as a great licence. The effect was undoubtedly startling.

The Chief Justice has been saying things again. This time he has discovered that all is not well in the bankruptcy administration, and he has given expression to a few home truths which will doubtless "shake up" those who have been weighed in the balance and found wanting.

What a sensation Manila must have experienced the other day when a local judge declared that all its Ordinances were null and void because they had not been published. I don't suppose that means that lawlessness holds sway in the "Queen of the Orient" as a result of this decision, or that martial law will have to be proclaimed to tide them over the difficulty. The situation is a most interesting one, and should not be without its warning to other places.

ROBERT RANDOM.

## AN IMPERIAL SYSTEM OF WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The Times in a special article suggests the establishment of an imperial system of wireless telegraphy. Last year it states Marconi's Canadian service transmitted 3,000,000 words, mostly coded, and it will probably transmit 5,000,000 words during the coming year. The present average speed of 24 words per minute is likely to be increased to 60 words. It suggests that stations for an Australasian service should be established at Melbourne, Adelaide, Sydney, Colombo, Singapore, Perth, Adelaide, Sydney and Wellington. The initial cost would be £550,000, and the cost of upkeep would be £10,000. If the British and Colonial Governments equip 15 stations at a cost of £825,000, and offer a subsidy of £150,000 a year, an imperial penny-a-word service will be possible, and if each station handles 15,000 words daily it will be possible to make a profit upon the complete imperial system of 24 stations.

## THE HONGKONG UNIVERSITY SCHEME.

Further papers on this subject have been issued containing a record of what has been done in connection with the University scheme. The committee referred to in the memorandum submitted to the Governor dated January, 1909, was appointed in that month and consists of the following gentlemen:—

Chairman.—The Governor. Members.—The Bishop of Victoria, the Colonial Secretary, the Colonial Treasurer, the Director of Public Works, the Registrar General, Hon. Sir C. P. Chater, Mr. Mody, the Director of Education, Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, Hon. Mr. Wei Yuk, Mr. Lau Chu Pak, and Mr. Clementi.

The Chinese members submitted the names of about 10 leading Chinese gentlemen (since increased by the addition of some others) to act as a sub-committee for the purpose of raising funds under the chairmanship of Dr. Ho Kai, G.M.C. This sub-committee has since held weekly meetings, and submitted various proposals which have been considered by the committee. They also made a very careful translation of the Governor's appeal into Chinese and printed 10,000 copies at their own expense for circulation. They formed corresponding committees for raising funds outside the Colony.

The subscriptions or promises towards the Endowment Fund are as follows at this date including a subscription (just announced) of £1,000 by the Chinese Government:—

By Chinese residents of Hongkong	\$174,295	
By Ng Li Hing transferred from Medical College	50,000	\$ 224,295
By Chinese residents in Saigon	39,000	
By Newchwang	1,450	
Guaranteed by Mr. Cheung Pat Siz from Wai-chow, etc.	100,000	
Contributed by the Chinese Government through H.M.'s Minister at Peking, £10,000.	14,000	
Contributed by His Excellency the Viceroy of Canton.	200,000	
By Messrs. J. Swire and Sons, £50,000; Tai Koo Sugar Refining Co., £50,000; Ocean Steamship Company £50,000 at 1/2% (rate of exchange at date of gift).	450,440	
By Mrs. Stokes	500	
	\$1,029,745	

Replies to the Governor's letters have been received from His Excellency the Governor of Macao (7th April, 1909) promising every assistance in his power, and from His Excellency the Governor of the Straits Settlements (24th February, 1909) warmly approving the scheme and offering any assistance. In consequence of trade depression it was now, he said, a bad time for an appeal, but later on the Chinese in the Straits hoped to give effectual assistance. His Excellency the Viceroy of India regretted the inability of the Indian Government to contribute. The Chairman, Shanghai Municipal Council, warmly approved the scheme and said he would reply later regarding contributions (9th February, 1909).

Hon. Dr. Ho Kai, C.M.G., chairman of the Chinese sub-committee for collecting subscriptions, mentioned at a meeting of the Committee held on July 7th that he had received a letter from His Excellency Wu Ting Fang, Chinese Minister in Washington, warmly supporting the scheme and saying that the Chinese in the United States would raise funds. He had also just received a sum of \$1,450 as the first instalment of subscriptions from Newchwang, and had heard from Canton that the Chinese gentry and merchants had been invited by the high Provincial officials to a meeting to discuss means for raising subscriptions there.

## RESOLUTIONS.

As many of the original resolutions are now out of date, and others had been amended, the following revised set is published with the approval of the Committee:—

1. That the generous offer of Mr. Mody to provide funds for the building of a University, and the site offered for the purpose by Government be accepted; and that the work be commenced as soon as an Endowment Fund yielding £5,000 per annum has been collected and the designs have been approved by the committee and Mr. Mody.

2. That the custody of all University funds shall be in the hands of the Treasurer appointed by the committee, who, subject to the approval of the Committee, shall invest them in suitable securities.

3. That on the completion of the buildings the Government shall be moved to introduce an Ordinance in the Legislature of the Colony for the incorporation of the University of Hongkong.

4. That thereafter the Hongkong College of Medicine and the Technical Institute shall forthwith be incorporated in the University and their endowments transferred to it.

5. That when the University is incorporated by Ordinance, the following shall be admitted as under-graduates:—

(a) All who are at that date students of the College of Medicine, who shall enter with the seniority as to curriculum which they had attained in the College, with a minimum course of two years at the University.

(b) Such additional candidates as may have passed the Senior Oxford Local Examination, or other prescribed test, and concerning whose moral character and eligibility the Court are satisfied, provided that in the case of Chinese students a knowledge of classical or modern Chinese will be accepted in place of certain specified subjects.

6. That the constitution of the University shall be such as may be prescribed by Ordinance, but in order that the scheme for which public subscriptions are being invited may be sufficiently understood by subscribers the following constitution, subject to future modification, recommends itself to the committee as the general principle on which the management

and control of the University should be conducted:—

Visitor.—That if a Royal Personage will consent to so honour the University he may be appointed Visitor.

Patrons.—That the Governor of the Colony (or in his absence the Officer Administering the Government) be the patron. The Governor in virtue of his office can at all times exercise a power of veto if he should disapprove of any decision of the Court, on the grounds that the interests of the Colony would be injuriously affected or the proposal was ultra vires or unconstitutional or for other good cause, but the Court may if they so desire appeal to the Secretary of State against the veto of the Governor. Additional patrons may be appointed on the recommendation of the Court approved by the Governor.

Chancellor.—The Governor (and in his absence the Officer Administering the Government) shall be Chancellor.

Governing Bodies.—The designation, powers and functions of the Governing Bodies, shall be as follows:—

The "Court" shall have supreme control over the University.

The "Council" shall perform all executive duties under authority of the Court.

The "Senate" shall under the authority of the Council arrange the course of study and matters of interior economy and discipline.

They shall be constituted respectively as follows:—

The Court under the presidency of the Chancellor shall consist of about 24 members in addition to such life members as may be created by the operation of resolution 9 and of such other life members as may be nominated by a two-thirds majority of the Court and approved by the Chancellor. Life members will be entitled to vote.

The 24 members may probably consist of the following:—

The Vice-Chancellor elected by the professors from among the professorial staff. Six officers of the Government holding their seats *ex officio* (probably the Chief Justice, Colonial Secretary, Registrar General, Director of Education, Principal Civil Medical Officer, and Director of Public Works). The two Bishops and the unofficial members of both Councils, together with two additional English members and six Chinese (additional to the two members of Council) to be nominated by the Chancellor. The last eight to hold office for three years, but to be eligible for re-nomination for a further period.

The Court will elect annually from its numbers a treasurer and honorary secretary, and also a pro-Chancellor who will take the place of the Chancellor in his absence.

The Council shall consist of about 17 or 18 members (including the pro and vice-Chancellors) under the presidency of the Chancellor, namely:—

Four of the Government official members of the Court (probably the Registrar General, Director of Education, Director of Public Works, and Principal Civil Medical Officer).

Four English (other than the above) and four Chinese Members of the Court elected by the Court.

Four professors elected by the Senate. The Senate shall consist of all the professors of the University under the presidency of the Vice-Chancellor.

7. That the fees charged to students shall not exceed \$500 per annum, the charges for maintenance being limited if possible to a like amount.

8. That if the scheme for a University should fail of realisation all subscriptions shall be returned to the donors.

9. That subscribers of \$500 and upwards will have their names inscribed on a tablet in the wall of the Hall of the University in order according to the amount given. Subscribers of \$10,000 to the Endowment Fund may have one scholar at a time at the University without payment of fees (or alternatively without payment for board) provided he is duly qualified by passing the entrance examination. The privilege lapses during any period that such free scholar is at the University. For each additional \$10,000 another scholar may be nominated on the same conditions up to a maximum of one: provided that the total number of scholars who are admitted without fees (or without payment for board) shall not at present exceed 50. A subscriber of \$50,000 shall in addition to the above be entitled to have a framed portrait or a bust of himself in the Hall of the University of such dimensions and so placed as the committee may determine. A subscriber of \$100,000 will in addition be made a life member of the Governing body. Any qualified donor who desires to exercise any or all of these privileges must do so at the time he gives his subscription. Any provincial city town or village in or out of China may exercise the like privileges so far as they are applicable, but the scholars can only be nominated by the properly accredited representatives of the subscribers.

On the death of a donor entitled to nominate one or more scholars under the above conditions, the right of nomination may be exercised by his legal heir or representative, provided that the name of such heir or representative shall be notified to the Court within a year of the death of the donor. Failing such notification the right of nomination shall lapse to the Court who may exercise it or not at their discretion.

10. That as at present advised the committee sees no objection to students of the University residing outside the precincts of the University in hostels established by religious bodies under supervision approved by the Court of the University, and subject to such regulations as the Court may prescribe. The committee is opposed to students of the University residing elsewhere than within the University or in an approved hostel.

11. That the first two faculties or chairs established at the University shall be for medicine and engineering, and that so soon as the funds of the University admit of the establishment of a chair or faculty preference shall be given to an Arts Course; and that in this course due provision shall be made to enable Chinese students to maintain and improve their knowledge of the Chinese language and of the literature of China.

12. That steps shall be taken forthwith to ascertain under what conditions any English University will be prepared to conduct the final examination of under-graduates of the Hongkong University and to confer their degrees upon them for such period as the Court may desire to avail themselves of this method. And also that steps shall be taken to ascertain under what conditions His Majesty in Council may be approached when the time comes, with any prospect of success, with a petition for the grant of a Royal Charter.

13. That in passing the previous resolutions to give effect to the project of establishing a University in Hongkong the committee understands that the object of such a University will be to afford a higher education, more especially in subjects of practical utility, such as applied science, medicine, etc., on the lines of such universities as Leeds and Birmingham, and to confer degrees of a standard not inferior to those conferred by such universities in Great Britain; develop and form the character of students no less than their intellectual faculties; to offer equal facilities for students of all races; to extend the knowledge of the English language in the Far East; and to promote a good understanding with the neighbouring Empire of China.

With regard to the above resolutions the following statement was made by the Chairman, and recorded in the proceedings of the fourth meeting:—

"Any decision taken or views recorded by the committee are subject to revision, either by the committee itself, in the light of further information, or later by the Legislative Council when the Ordinance setting up the University is introduced, or by the Governing Bodies when appointed."

## LETTER FROM SIR ROBERT HART.

Among the correspondence published is the following letter from Sir Robert Hart:—

38, Cadogan Place, London, S.W., 28th June, 1909.

Dear Sir Frederick Lugard.—Your note of the 26th May re University schemes has come and I reply briefly.

(a) The "Emergency Committee" did not propose to establish a University, but to collect £100,000 for the support of existing centres, medical and literary.

(b) Lord William Cecil and friends have been considering the advisability and possibility of creating a University; they asked my views and I said either assist existing schools to grow or go to China and sound for yourselves.

The Guildhall meeting had the first (a) in view and not the second (b).

(c) Your Hongkong scheme is excellent and deserves the fullest support, and it promises much that will do real good. I here it, however, room for the other proposals and the question is how to finance all three. The "Emergency" idea is not yet gathering much money; the other (b) proposal will not be usefully carried out unless Chinese official sympathy is secured: official and private sympathy and almost certainly in the matter of funds, and I hope it will go into operation soon and successfully. My own sympathies are with all three, for I think each, if carried out, will be useful in its time and place, but I regard the Hongkong scheme as the most practically promising, and applied science will suit the Chinese requirements of the day; at the same time, character is the utmost importance, and I am glad to see that all three schemes give that idea such prominence.

In these matters I am rather a "figured" and than a working man: my health having only been of a so-and-so kind since my return to England. I hope what I have said will suffice.—Yours sincerely,

ROBERT HART.

VICEROY CHANG'S SUPPORT OF THE SCHEME. The Papers published include besides the letters from the Viceroy of Canton, of which summaries have previously been published, the following translation of a despatch from the Viceroy of Canton to the chief officials of the various Government Bureaux under his jurisdiction requesting them to meet and discuss means to raise subscriptions in aid of the Hongkong University Endowment Fund:—

Gentlemen.—I have the honour to acquaint you that sometime ago I received a letter from the Governor of Hongkong, Sir Frederick Lugard, informing me of a proposal to establish a University in Hongkong which, when founded, would devote special attention to professional and technical training, and would provide special facilities for students from the interior of China. Put as the initial cost and subsequent expenditure would be considerable he asked for my assistance and co-operation in raising the necessary funds. He also forwarded me a memorandum on the proposed scheme and other papers.

I have also received a joint communication from certain Hongkong Chinese merchants, Ho Kai, Wei Yuk and others couched in earnest terms praying for my support.

I have perused more than once all the documents which I have received from Hongkong relating to the proposed scheme. The project

appears to have for its principal object the complete training of persons of ability who will be of real use to us in our industrial and commercial enterprises.

The teaching of applied science, including civil, mechanical and electrical engineering and surveying, meets the present and most urgent need of our country, and the institution of a faculty of medicine is most important as it works for the improvement of sanitation and the preservation of health.

In the Arts Course of the proposed University the literature of our country will not be neglected. The standard of its entrance and of its degrees and the quality of its training will differ in no respect from those of the British Universities. The scheme seems indeed to be excellently planned.

Moreover, I am pleased with the several advantages which, in my humble opinion, such a scheme offers.

Firstly.—Up to the present time our country has not a properly organised institution to impart a professional and technical training to our people, though the establishment of such an institution has long become an urgent necessity. The minds of most young men from noble or wealthy families are bent on official ranks and adverse to laborious studies so that they all turn their attention to the study of politics. Whereas ambitious youths of the poorer classes though willing to go through a course of professional and technical training, are in want of means and a suitable place for their training. Once the Hongkong University is established, the cost being moderate and the locality close at hand, it is possible for every Chinese youth to join it.

Secondly.—Since in China itself there is no such properly organised institution for professional and technical training, we are compelled to send our students thousands of miles away from their native land to Europe or America, where official supervision is rendered inefficient and parental control nugatory. Besides in youth the character is not yet properly formed, and some of the students may, through idleness or through indulgence to excess in amusements, become lax in their work, others from want of proper control and restraint drift into immoral and loose habits, and of late students residing abroad have caused us the greatest anxiety. On the other hand, Hongkong is so close to us that our young men who went there to study would be almost within sight and hearing of their superiors, parents and elders.

Thirdly.—In our country we have at present no specialists who have a profound knowledge of technical and scientific subjects, and what over professors we may require have had to be engaged from abroad, and that merely on the reputation and without actual knowledge of their true qualities. As a rule scholars who have a good character and great learning are disinclined to accept our invitation and come to a distant land like China where the mode of living differs so much from that observed in the West. But in the Hongkong University the professors are to be engaged by the British themselves who have better and easier means of inquiry and of distinguishing between the properly qualified and the incompetent. They are sure not to permit a responsible position to be occupied by an inferior man, and thus to tarnish the fair name of their institution. These professors who have already gained a reputation will be glad to join the staff, Hongkong being a British Colony and the social conditions there similar to those to which they have been accustomed. With a properly qualified staff of professors we may look forward with assurance to the successful training of the students.

Fourth.—It costs many hundreds of dollars a year to maintain a student in Japan and many thousands to maintain one in a Western country. In both cases there must be added the very considerable expense of travelling there and back. The expenditure has taxed the resources of the different provinces to their uttermost, and great anxiety is felt as to the future. However, if our students could be sent to Hongkong instead, a great part of this expenditure would be saved.

Having these four advantages it seems to me that the establishment of a University in Hongkong has a most important bearing upon the professional and technical training of the people of China. A Parsee gentleman, Mr. Mody, out of fellow feeling for Asiatics, has generously given a large donation for the erection of buildings of the University. His munificence deserves every respect and praise. It is not then our duty, officials and merchants alike, to join our efforts to co-operate and assist? With regard to the best means of raising subscriptions in aid of the project I should like to know whether we should memorialize the throne first or begin at once to invite subscriptions from the gentry and merchants of the province. I hope you will meet and discuss the matter together and return me an early reply.

## A NAPOLEON LOVE STORY.

ECHOED IN A LONDON LAW COURT.

The love story of Napoleon III. and a beautiful English lady has come before Mr. Justice Warrington in the Chancery Court with the prosaic legal introduction of "Re Elizabeth Ann Trevelyan, deceased." (Re *Recheval v. Strode*.) It was apparently in the fortune when Louis Napoleon, then an exile in London, made the acquaintance of the English lady, a Miss Howard, whose real name was Elizabeth Ann Harcourt. Some years later, in 1854, she married a wealthy Cornish gentleman, Clarence Trevelyan, but not before she had taken part in many moving scenes at the French Court. Little was heard of Louis Napoleon until the revolution of 1830, when, at the age of 22, he may be said to have started on his eventful career. In 1837 he went—not for the first time to England, where he remained for a couple of years. He rented a house in Carlton Terrace, and led the life of a man of fashion. August, 1840, saw him make a descent upon France. He chartered a ship, and accompanied by about fifty persons, he landed at Boulogne. The conspirators carried with them a tame eagle. Louis was brought to trial before the Chamber of Peers, and was condemned to perpetual imprisonment, the castle of Ham, on the Somme, being chosen as the place of his captivity. He endured incarceration for six years, at the end of which time he succeeded in making a daring escape. With the assistance of a fellow prisoner, he disguised himself as a workman, and walked out of the castle with a plank over his shoulder. Louis returned once more to London, and again became a prominent figure in the world of fashion. He spent money most lavishly, and, after a time, he found himself compelled to resort to moneylenders. In April, 1848, during the Chartist disturbances, we find him serving as a special constable. Apparently it was at this period that he met Miss Howard. Her beauty had brought her many friends. She had money, and full of hope for the future of Louis, she gave him what help she could. The two, accordingly, became the most intimate of friends. After this time they went well for the future Emperor. In December, 1848, Louis was elected President of the French Republic. Then on December 2, 1851, he executed the coup d'état by which he made an end of Constitutional Government. The following year the Empire was inaugurated. During all these stirring events Miss Howard was in close attendance upon him. She appeared with him at public functions, and received the courtesies due to the friend of a great ruler. But at length they parted. On January 30, 1853, Louis married Eugénie de Montijo, Countess of Teba. Miss Howard, who was given a handsome dowry of £250,000 and the title of Countess de Beauregard. It was in connection with this money that the matter came before the Chancery Court. The circumstances were explained by Mr. A. A. Beckett Terrell, who appeared for the trustees of the lady's will. Counsel said his application was for the distribution of all the funds with the exception of a sum of money set apart for annuities. A settlement was made in 1854 under which certain sums were settled on Elizabeth Ann Trevelyan and Clarence Trevelyan, her husband, for their lives, and after his death, as his wife should appoint. In 1851 her husband being dead, she by her will, gave the residue of her estate to her son, Martyn Constantine Count de Recheval, for life, and after his death, as he should appoint. She died in 1865. Her son, Count de Recheval, had three children, Ann Harcourt de Beauregard, Richard Martyn Constantine Harcourt de Recheval, and Charlotte Grisselle de Recheval. (De Recheval was the name which their father had to take as the son of the Countess Beauregard.) Various payments amounting altogether to £160,000 were made by the Count to his son, Richard, and the latter sold his appointed sums to the Legal and General. In 1893 the Count appointed one-half of the residue of his estate to his daughter Mrs. de Beauregard, the other half to his daughter Charlotte Grisselle, no appointment having been made to the son, who already had an appointment of £10,000. In November, 1894, both the daughters married, their interests in favor of a Mr. de la Baume to secure £14,400. There was some question about the amount, and it had been agreed and certified at £1,200. In December, 1897, Charlotte Grisselle sold her moiety to the Norwich Union. In August, 1907, the Count de Recheval, the tenant for life, died, and the funds became distributable. In December, 1907, on this petition, the judge made an order directing payment to the Legal and General of the £100,000 to which they were entitled by virtue of the appointment to Richard. He also directed an inquiry as to who were the persons entitled to the balance of the funds in court, and to certain securities of a foreign company, which were deposited in court in a box. The inquiry was duly made, and as the result his lordship, in June, 1908, directed that Charlotte Grisselle's moiety of half of the funds and half of the securities should be transferred to the Norwich Union. In November, 1908, he also directed that Mr. de la Baume was entitled to £1,200. Subject to that sum and two or three other claims the other moiety belonged to Ann Harcourt de Beauregard, and counsel asked that she be paid accordingly. All the different claimants upon the moiety in question were represented by counsel, and his lordship ordered the payment of their costs and the distribution of the funds in court as desired.

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[36]

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How to be Beautiful—Keep your complexion, Mrs. Ellen's Crème Chamois, Lait Chamois and Special Skin Tonic and Poudre Chamois will enable you to do it. Her Specialties for the Skin are the study of a lifetime. A. S. Watson & Co. Ltd. Sole Agents. 453



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WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11TH.

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WED. Aug. 11th. The Enormously Successful Comic Opera  
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THURS. Aug. 12th. For the First Time in Hongkong  
The Great Gaiety Theatre Success  
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FRI. Aug. 13th. The Hit of the Century,  
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**THE MERRY WIDOW.**

SATUR. Aug. 14th. The Famous Musical Comedy  
**MISS HOOK OF HOLLAND.**  
From the Prince of Wales Theatre, London.

MON. Aug. 16th. Gilbert and Sullivan's Masterpiece  
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From the Savoy Theatre, London.

PRICES... \$3, \$2 & \$1.

Box Plan now open at—

S. MOUTRIE & Co., LTD.

Doors Open at 8.30. Commence at 9 P.M.

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1909. [1030]

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Taking Cargo at through rates to PERSIAN

GULF and BAGDAD, also BARCELONA,

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THE Steamship

"ISCHIA."

Captain Balito, will be despatched as above

on WEDNESDAY, the 12th inst., at Noon.

For further particulars regarding Freight

and Passage, apply to

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Hongkong, 2nd August, 1909. [4]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS, LTD.

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND

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THE Steamship

"CARNARVONSHIRE."

Captain Ingram, will be despatched as above

on about the 25th inst.

The attention of passengers is drawn to the

excellent accommodation provided by this

vessel at cheap rates. The steamer is specially

adapted for service in the tropics, being fitted

with refrigerating machinery and electric fans

in staterooms. A Doctor and Stewardess are

carried. Fare to London, £35.

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JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LTD.,

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Hongkong, 2nd August, 1909. [1032]

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE

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PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

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S.S. "LENOX" About 10th Sept.

For Freight and further information, apply to

DODWELL & Co., LTD.,

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Hongkong 2nd August, 1909. [1008]

## WANTED.

A CHINESE CLERK, with Good Know-  
ledge of English and General Office  
routine. Typewriting essential.  
Apply by letter to "M."  
Care of "Daily Press" Office.  
Hongkong, 26th July, 1909. [994]

## COAL.

BUNKER COAL can now be supplied  
from the Deep Coals of SARAWAK  
GOVERNMENT MINES, at Labuan and Brokon,  
at Reduced Rates. Large stock always on hand.  
Apply to SARAWAK GOVERNMENT  
AGENCY, Labuan. Telegrams: May, Labuan.  
[939]

## PUBLIC COMPANIES

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT  
AND AGENCY COMPANY, LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of \$3.50  
Per Share for the Six Months ending  
30th June, 1909, will be Payable on TUESDAY,  
3rd August, on which date Dividend Warrants  
may be obtained on application at the Company's  
Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company  
will be CLOSED on MONDAY, 26th July,  
to TUESDAY, 3rd August (both days inclusive),  
during which period no transfer of Shares can  
be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 20th July, 1909. [982]

THE WEST POINT BUILDING  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of DOLLARS  
TWO Per Share for the Six Months  
ending 30th June, 1909, will be Payable on the  
3rd proximo, on which date Dividend Warrants  
may be obtained on application at the Company's  
Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company  
will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 26th  
inst., to TUESDAY, the 3rd August (both  
days inclusive), during which period no transfer  
of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
A. SHELTON HOOPER,  
Secretary.

HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

General Agents for the  
WEST POINT BUILDING COMPANY, LTD.  
Hongkong, 20th July, 1909. [983]

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO  
STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE EIGHTY-SIXTH ORDINARY  
HALF-YEARLY MEETING of  
SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be  
held at the Office of the Company, Hotel  
Mansions, on TUESDAY, the 10th August,  
at 12 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of receiving  
a Report of the Directors, declaring a Dividend,  
confirming the appointment of Directors, and  
electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company  
will be CLOSED from the 27th July to the  
10th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
W. E. CLARKE,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 20th July, 1909. [984]

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING  
CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that  
the ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY  
MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this  
Corporation will be held at the CITY HALL,  
Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of  
August, 1909, at Noon, for the purpose of  
receiving the Report of the Court of Directors  
together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th  
June, 1909.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company  
will be CLOSED from MONDAY,  
the 8th August to SATURDAY, the 21st August,  
1909 (both days inclusive), during which period  
no transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,  
J. R. M. SMITH,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 31st July, 1909. [1028]

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY  
MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS  
will be held in the Office of the Company,  
Queen's Buildings, Cornhill Road, on  
MONDAY, 23rd August, at 12 o'clock Noon,  
for the purpose of receiving the Report of the  
Directors and the Statement of Accounts to the  
30th June, 1909.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company  
will be CLOSED from the 9th to the 23rd  
August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
GEO. A. CALDWELL,  
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 27th July, 1909. [1015]

THE UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY  
OF CANTON, LIMITED.

AND

THE CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that  
Petitions were on the 6th July, 1909,  
presented to the SUPREME COURT of Hongkong  
in its Original Jurisdiction by the above named  
Society and Company respectively to confirm the  
alterations of the said Society's and the said  
Company's respective objects proposed to be  
effected by Special Resolutions of the said  
Society and the said Company respectively,  
unanimously passed at Extraordinary General  
Meetings of the said Society and the said Com-  
pany respectively held on the 21st April, 1909,  
and subsequently unanimously confirmed at  
further Extraordinary Meetings of the said  
Society and the said Company respectively held  
on the 7th May, 1909, and which Resolutions  
respectively ran as follows:—

"That the Memorandum and Articles of  
Association of the Society (Company) be  
respectively extended, altered and amended  
so as to read as shown in the print signed  
for the purpose of identification by the  
Chairman of this Meeting and that such  
extended, altered and amended Memorandum  
and Articles of Association be henceforth  
adopted as the Memorandum and Articles  
of Association of the Society (Company) to  
the exclusion of those heretofore prevailing."

AND NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN  
that the said Petitions are directed to be heard  
before His Honour Sir Francis Pigott, Chief  
Justice of the said Court, in fifteen days from  
this Date and any person interested in the said  
Society or the said Company whether as  
creditor, policy-holder or otherwise, desirous to  
oppose the making of an Order for the confirma-  
tion of the said alteration under the Companies  
Ordinance 1865 should appear at the time of  
hearing by himself or by his Counsel for the  
purpose and a copy of the said Petition, or  
either of them, will be furnished to any such  
person requiring the same by the undersigned  
on payment of the regulated charge for the  
same.

Dated the 20th July, 1909.

C. MONTAGUE EDE,

Secretary to the said Society and

the said Company.

[985]

## INTIMATIONS

## BANK HOLIDAY.

IN Accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875,  
the EXCHANGE BANKS will be  
CLOSED for the Transaction of PUBLIC  
BUSINESS TO-DAY (MONDAY); the 2nd  
August (FIRST MONDAY IN AUGUST).  
Hongkong, 28th July, 1909. [1012]

FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION  
OF HONGKONG.

## BANK HOLIDAY.

IN Accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875,  
all FIRE INSURANCE OFFICES will  
be CLOSED for the Transaction of PUBLIC  
BUSINESS TO-DAY (MONDAY); the 2nd  
August (FIRST MONDAY IN AUGUST).  
By Order: E. A. M. WILLIAMS,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1909. [1021]

MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION  
OF HONGKONG.

## BANK HOLIDAY.

IN Accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875,  
all MARINE INSURANCE OFFICES will  
be CLOSED for the Transaction of PUBLIC  
BUSINESS TO-DAY (MONDAY); the 2nd  
August (FIRST MONDAY IN AUGUST).  
By Order: E. A. M. WILLIAMS,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1909. [1022]

## HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

## NOTICE.

MEMBERS wishing to put down for  
Subscription Griffs for the next  
RACE MEETING are requested to send  
their Names in to the undersigned, from whom  
all particulars regarding Price and conditions  
pertaining to selection and passing may be  
obtained.

T. F. HOUGH,  
Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, 28th July, 1909. [1014]

## TO LET

## TO LET.

A TWO-STORY EUROPEAN HOUSE  
No. 10, KENNEDY ROAD, immediately  
above the Peak Tramway Station, commanding  
a full view of the Harbour, Seafront, and  
behind, and a Lawn in front, and a garden,  
suitable for a First Class Residence. Available on the  
1st August, 1909, or earlier by arrangement.

Apply to—

MOK KOON YUK,  
Comptroller Office,  
Messrs. Butterfield & Swire's Office,  
Hongkong, 24th July, 1909. [1000]

## TO LET.

NO. 1, ORMSBY TERRACE.

NO. 5, BARROW TERRACE. Cheap

Rental.

Apply to—

SPANISH PROCURATION.  
Hongkong, 31st July, 1909. [1026]

## TO LET.

ONE LARGE OFFICE ROOM, No. 1,  
Prince's Building, 11, Floor.

ONE SPACIOUS GODOWN, No. 125,  
Wanchai Road.

Apply to—

KHUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.,  
Hongkong, 1st July, 1909. [911]

## TO LET.

NO. 6, OBSERVATORY VILLAS,  
Kowloon. Five-Roomed House; Electric

Lights and Tennis Court.

"BRANEE BUNGALOW," Kowloon. A

Small Garden attached. Moderate Rental.

Apply to—ALBERTOON Y. APOAB & Co.,  
14, Des Voeux Road.

Hongkong, 3rd March, 1909. [399]

## TO LET.

NO. 2, ELLIOTT CRESCENT, ROBIN-  
SON ROAD, Six Roomed House, with

Outhouse, Commanding a Fine View of the

Harbour.

Apply to—

F. X. D'ALMADA & CASTRO,  
33, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 7th July, 1909. [936]

## TO LET.

FURNISHED for Six Months or Longer,  
a DETACHED HOUSE, with Tennis

Court, on Robinson Road. Three Bedrooms.

Apply to—

Care of "Daily Press" Office.  
Hongkong, 28th July, 1909. [1013]

## TO LET.

NO. 3, LYEMOON VILLAS, Kowloon.

A Five-Roomed House, with Tennis

Court. Thoroughly repaired. Rent Moderate.

Apply to—

X. Y. Z.,  
Care of "Daily Press" Office.  
Hongkong, 7th July, 1909. [937]

## TO LET.

FIRST FLOOR, NO. 6, ICE HOUSE  
ROAD, NINE ROOMS. Electric

Fittings, suitable for Office or Dwellings.

Also, GODOWN, No. 9, Duddell Street.

Apply to—

A. B. AVASTIA,  
1, Duddell Street.  
Hongkong, 1st July, 1909. [912]

## TO LET.

NO. 75, WYNDHAM STREET, FOUR

ROOMS. Electric Fittings, Verandahs

both sides. Full harbour view.

Apply to—

A. B. AVASTIA,  
1, Duddell Street.  
Hongkong, 8th July, 1909. [941]

## TO LET.

NO. 1A, WYNDHAM STREET, suitable

for SHOP and OFFICE, etc., lately

occupied by Weissmann Ltd. for Tiffin Rooms.

Apply to—

YEE SANG FAT & Co.,  
Opposite General Post Office.  
Hongkong, 21st June, 1909. [971]

## TO LET

## TO LET.

FIVE ROOMED HOUSES at Kowloon.

1 ROOM on First Floor of "Hotel Mansions,"  
with use of Bath Room, suitable for Office or  
Living Room.

NEW and COMMODIOUS SHOPS,  
Nathan Road, Kowloon. Immediate Possession.  
Cheap Rental.

KOWLOON MARINE LOT 48, Yauwatti,  
Area 85,200 square feet with 255 feet Sea  
Frontage. Especially suited for Storage of  
Coal, Timber, &c.

Apply to—  
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE  
COMPANY, LIMITED.  
Hongkong, 29th June, 1909. [909]

## TO BE LET.

DESIRABLE GROUND FLOOR SHOP  
in CHATER ROAD, Hongkong.

Apply—

T. B. L.,  
Care of "Daily Press" Office.  
Hongkong, 11th May, 1909. [723]

## TO LET.

HOUSE in Wong Nai Chong Road.

A HOUSE in HIPON TERRACE.

OFFICES To Let, No. 2, Connaught Road,  
3rd Floor.

No. 3, CLIFTON GARDENS, Conduit  
Road.

No. 10, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL,  
1st Floor.

OFFICES in YORK BUILDING.

GODOWNS in PRAYA EAST, BLUE

Buildings and No. 16B, Des Voeux Road

next to the HONGKONG HOTEL.

FLATS in MORRISON TERRACE.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-  
MENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1909. [97]

## TO LET.

GODOWNS, Nos. 95, 96 and 97, PRAYA  
EAST.

Apply—

CHATER & MODY,  
Victoria Buildings.  
Hongkong, 1st February, 1909. [264]

## TO LET.

STORAGE.

FOR COAL, TIMBER, &c.

TO BE LET, a Portion of MARINE LOT

No. 285 at NORTH POINT, Suitable

for above Purpose. EXTENSIVE WATER

FRONT. DEEP WATER.

Also FOR SALE.

Portions of MARINE LOTS Nos. 31 & 36











# PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SHANGHAI	CALEDONIA	About 5th Aug.	Freight and Passage.
LONDON VIA USUAL PORTS	DELHI	Noon, 7th Aug.	See Special of Call.
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID.	SARDINIA	On 11th Aug.	Freight and Passage.
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	BORNEO	About 13th Aug.	Freight and Passage.

For further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT,  
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1909.

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
TSINGTAU, CHEFOO and NEWCHANG	"HUPEH"	On 2nd Aug., 4 P.M.
SWATOW, AMOY and SHANGHAI	"KWANGSE"	On 3rd Aug., 2 P.M.
CEBU and ILOILO	"KAIFONG"	On 3rd Aug., 4 P.M.
MANILA	"FEAN"	On 4th Aug., 3 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"CHINHUA"	On 5th Aug., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"CHENAN"	On 8th Aug., 5 P.M.
MANILA	"TAMING"	On 10th Aug., 3 P.M.
TIENSIN	"KUEICHO"	On 11th Aug., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"ANHUI"	On 12th Aug., 4 P.M.
MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOK-TOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY, with Transhipment for TASMANIA, NEW ZEALAND, ADELAIDE, FREMANTLE and PERTH	"CHANGSHA"	On 19th Aug., 4 P.M.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

SS "LINTAN" and SS "SANUI".  
AUSTRALIAN STEAMERS have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the Staterooms. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried. REDUCED FARES, Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

MANILA TWIN SCREW STEAMERS & TIENSIN STEAMERS have superior Passenger accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the Staterooms and Dining Saloon.

FAST SCHEDULE TWIN SCREW STEAMERS "ANHUI", "CHENAN", "CHINHUA" and "LINTAN" with excellent accommodation, Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the Staterooms and Dining Saloon, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

N.B.—These Steamers Land Passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconveniences of transshipment at Woosung.

FARE, INCLUDING WINES, \$45 SINGLE and \$80 RETURN.

TELEPHONE 36.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE,

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1909.

AGENTS.

## CHINA AND MANILA

STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

STEAMSHIP	TONS.	CAPTAIN	FOR	SAILING DATE
RUBI	2540	R. W. Almond	Manila	On 7th Aug., Noon.
ZAFIRO	2540	R. Redger	Manila	On 14th Aug., Noon.

For Freight or Passage apply to

SHEWAN TOMES & Co.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1909.

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

HONGKONG-SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS.

HIGHEST CLASS—FASTEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS STEAMERS ON THE COAST HAVING SPLENDID ACCOMMODATION FOR FIRST-CLASS PASSENGERS. ELECTRIC LIGHT AND FIRST-CLASS CUISINE.

STEAMERS	FOR	LEAVING
"HAICHING"	SWATOW, AMOY and FOOCHOW	TUESDAY, 3rd Aug., at 2 P.M.
"HAIYAN"	SWATOW, AMOY and FOOCHOW	FRIDAY, 6th Aug., at 2 P.M.

A REDUCTION OF 20 PER CENT. ON FIRST CLASS FARES TO FOOCHEW WILL BE MADE DURING THE MONTHS OF JULY, AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER.

FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF PASSENGERS, STEAMERS WILL ARRIVE AT, AND DEPART FROM, THE COMPANY'S WHARF (NEAR BLAKE PIER).

For Freight and Passage apply to—

DOUGLAS, LAPRAIK & Co.,  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 31st July, 1909.

## SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE FOR

CALLAO, IQUIQUE, VALPARAISO, ETC. VIA MOJI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, HONOLULU and SALINA CRUZ (Mexico).

S.S. AMERICA MARU	6000 tons gross	Sail Aug. 30th, at Noon.
S.S. HONGKONG MARU	6000	Oct. 25th, at Noon.
S.S. MANSHU MARU	500	Dec. 10th, at Noon.

For particulars apply to

K. MATSUDA, Manager,  
TOYO KISEN KAISHA, Yokohama.

Hongkong, 29th June, 1909.

## INDO-CHINA S. NAV. CO., LTD.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SAIGON	"AMARA"	Wed. day, 4th Aug., D'light.
SHANGHAI	"FOOSHING"	Wed. day, 4th Aug., 4 P.M.
TIENSIN VIA SWATOW, WEIHAI-WEI & CHEFOO	"CHIPSING"	Thursday, 5th Aug., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"YATSHING"	Friday, 6th Aug., Noon.
MANILA	"COONGSANG"	Friday, 6th Aug., 4 P.M.
CHENWANG via WEIHAIWEI & CHEFOO	"SUISANG"	Saturday, 7th Aug., Noon.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	"KUMSANG"	Saturday, 7th Aug., 3 P.M.
MANILA	"YUENSANG"	Friday, 13th Aug., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOJI	"FOOKSANG"	Tuesday, 24th Aug., Noon.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN.

OCCUPYING 24 DAYS.

The Steamers "KUMSANG", "NAMSANG" and "FOOKSANG" leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Yokohama returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong, providing a stay 6 days in Japan if passengers leave the steamer at Yokohama and rejoin at Kobe. These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light. A duly qualified surgeon is also carried. Steamers have superior accommodation for First Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

† Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin &amp; Newchwang

Telephone No. 61.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; Co., LTD.,

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1909.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

## EAST ASIATIC CO., LD.

COPENHAGEN, SINGAPORE, DANGKOK &amp; SHANGHAI

## RUSSIAN EAST ASIATIC CO., LD.,

ST. PETERSBURG &amp; VLADIVOSTOK.

## SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO., LD.

GOTHENBURG.

### PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMERS	DATE OF SAILING
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA and KOBE	"INDIEN"	About beg. of Aug.
MARSEILLES, HAVRE, COPENHAGEN and GOTHENBURG	"YEDDO"	About Middle of Aug.

For Further Particulars apply to

MELOCHERS & CO.,  
AGENTS.

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

### PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATIONS	STEAMERS	TONS.	SAILING DATES
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	SANUKI MARU, Capt. K. Homma	6,500	WED. DAY, 4th Aug., at Daylight.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	AWA MARU, Capt. A. Koth	6,500	WED. DAY, 18th Aug., at Daylight.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	KAGA MARU, Capt. M. Hagino	6,500	TUESDAY, 17th Aug., at 4 P.M.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	SHINANO MARU, Capt. K. Kawa	7,090	TUESDAY, 14th Sept., at 4 P.M.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	YAWATA MARU, Capt. T. Sekine	5,000	FRIDAY, 6th Aug., at Noon.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi	6,000	FRIDAY, 3rd Sept., at Noon.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	NIKKO MARU, Capt. M. Yagi	6,000	WED. DAY, 4th Aug., at Noon.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	HITACHI MARU, Capt. W. Wade	7,000	FRIDAY, 6th Aug., at 5 P.M.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	TOTOMI MARU, Capt. R. Smith	4,500	MONDAY, 9th Aug., at 5 P.M.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	YEBOSHI MARU, Capt. B. Kon	4,500	FRIDAY, 13th Aug., at 5 P.M.
YOKOHAMA, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, and PORT SAID	MIYASAKI MARU, Capt. T. Mura	9,000	FRIDAY, 27th Aug., at 5 P.M.

† Fitted with New System of Wireless Telegraphy.

### EXTRA PASSENGER SERVICE NEW STEAMERS—EUROPEAN LINE.

FOR GENOA, MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP VIA SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, SUEZ and PORT SAID.

THE Co.'s NEWLY BUILT 9,000 TON PASSENGER STEAMERS WILL BE DESPATCHED FROM HONGKONG AS FOLLOWS:

MISHIMA MARU	(Capt. A. E. MOSES)	About Wed. 25th Aug.
ATSUTA MARU	(Capt. Wm. THOMPSON)	About Wed. 22nd Sept.
MYASAKI MARU	(Capt. W. BAINBRIDGE)	About Wed. 20th Oct.
KITANO MARU	(Capt. F. E. COPE)	On Wed. day, 15th Dec.

CHEAPEST PASSAGE RATES TO EUROPE AND AROUND THE WORLD.

### CHEAPEST ROUND TRIPS

BETWEEN

HONGKONG AND JAPAN PORTS.

Commencing 1st June, ending 31st August, 1909. SPECIAL EXCURSION (1st &amp; 2nd CLASS) AVAILABLE FOR 4 MONTHS.

	Yokohama Return.	Kobe Return.	Moji Return.	Nagasaki Return.
1st CLASS	\$120	\$110	\$100	\$90
2nd "	\$80	\$70	\$60	\$50

Option of rail between Calling Ports in Japan.

For further particulars apply to

Hongkong, 8th June, 1909.

T. KUSUMOTO,  
MANAGER.

## HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

HAMBURG.

### EAST ASIATIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES,

via STRAITS and COLOMBO,

to HAVRE, BREMEN and HAMBURG and to NEW YORK.

TAKING Cargo at Through Rates to all European North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Porto, Marseilles, Genoa, and other Mediterranean, Levantine, Black Sea and Baltic Ports, and all North and South American Ports. Also via Aden or Port Said, by the Company's "Arabian and Persian Service" to Arabian and Persian Gulf Ports.

### NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

HOMeward.

OUTWARD.

FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA & KOBE:	FOR HAVRE, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN, & HAMBURG:
S.S. SPEZIA ... 13th Aug.	S.S. SEGOVIA ... 3rd August.
S.S. C. FERD. LAEISZ ... 17th Aug.	FOR ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG:
S.S. AMBRIA ... 27th Aug.	S.S. SAMBIA ... 13th August
S.S. NICOMEDIA ... 8th Sept.	FOR MARSEILLES, HAVRE & HAMBURG:
S.S. LIBERIA ... 15th Sept.	S.S. SLAVONIA ... 13th August
	FOR BREMEN, BREMEN & HAMBURG:
	S.S. ANDALUSIA ... 1st Sept.
	FOR MARSEILLES, HAVRE & HAMBURG:
	S.S. SAXONIA ... 7th Sept.
	FOR HAVRE & HAMBURG:
	S.S. SPEZIA ... 14th Sept.

Further Particulars, apply to—

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,  
Hongkong, 31st July, 1909.HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,  
Hongkong Office.

## THOS. COOK & SON,

TOURIST, STEAMSHIP & FORWARDING AGENTS,  
BANKERS, &c.

CHIEF OFFICE: LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C. TICKETS TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY. TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the WORLD. BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates. LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED. FOREIGN MONIES exchanged.

Head Office for the Far East—  
16, DES VŒUX ROAD,  
HONGKONG.Japan Office:  
14, WATER STREET,  
YOKOHAMA.

## JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN

REGULAR THREE-WEEKLY SERVICE BETWEEN  
JAVA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

STEAMER	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE FOR	ON OR ABOUT
TJILATJAP.	JAVA	First half of Aug.	SHANGHAI	First half of Aug.
TJIBODAS.	JAPAN	First half of Aug.	JAVA	First half of Aug.
TJILIWONG	JAPAN	Second half of Aug.	JAVA	Second half of Aug.
TJIMAH	JAVA	First half of Sept.	SHANGHAI	First half of Sept.
TJIKINI	JAVA	First half of Sept.	JAPAN	First half of Sept.
TJIPANAS.	JAVA	Second half of Sept.	SHANGHAI	Second half of Sept.

The Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light and have accommodation for a limited number of Saloon Passengers, and will take Cargo to all Netherlands-Indian Ports on through Bills of Lading.

For Particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Yok Buildings, 1st Floor.  
Hongkong, 2nd August, 1909.

Telephone No. 375.

## OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR SERVICES, PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

(Subject to Alteration).

### TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

Connecting at TACOMA with

THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and PUGET SOUND RAILWAY

AND

THE CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and ST. PAUL RAILWAY.

(The only direct train service, without transshipment, also shortest and fastest route, from the Pacific Coast to Chicago.) Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Common Points in the U.S.A. and Canada, also to the principal ports in Mexico, Central and South America.

FOR	STEAMERS	TONS.	LEAVES.
TACOMA VIA KEELUNG, SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, SHIMIZU and YOKOHAMA	"SEATTLE MARU"	6,178	SATURDAY, 28th August.

The Co.'s Newly Built Steamers have fair speed. Superior accommodation for steerage Passengers situated AMIDSHIP. A limited number of Cabin Passengers carried at Low Rates. Best adapted rooms for carrying Silk, Treasure and Parcels. Special attention given towards Express connection.

HONGKONG, SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS & FORMOSA SERVICE. Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Japanese Ports and North China Ports, by the steamers to Shanghai.

FOR	STEAMERS	LEAVES.
ANPING VIA SWATOW, AMOY	"SOSHU MARU"	WED. DAY, 4th July, at 10 AM.

A Special Reduction of 20 per cent. on 1st and 2nd Class Fares to Foochow will be made during the months of August and September.

First Class Cuisine. Superior Passenger Accommodation. Electric Light throughout.

The Newly Built Steamers: "CHOSHU MARU" and "HOSUN MARU" have First Class Cabins AMIDSHIP.

For information of Freight, Passages, Sailings, etc., apply at the Co.'s Local Branch Office, at Second Floor, No. 1, Queen's Buildings.

T. ARIMA,  
MANAGER.

### VESSELS ON THE BERTH

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.  
STEAM FOR FIUME AND TRIESTE (DIRECT), Calling at SINGAPORE, PENANG, CALCUTTA, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT SAID. (Taking Cargo at through rates to the BRITISH RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LEVANT, VENICE and ADRIATIC PORTS).

THE Company's Steamship "SILESIA". Captain Radonich, will be despatched as above on or about the 25th August. This Steamer has splendid accommodation for passengers, electric light and carries a doctor. For information as to Passage and Freight, apply to

SANDER, WIELE & Co., Agents, Prince's Buildings, Hongkong, 30th July, 1909.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS. THE Undersigned GENERAL AGENTS in CHINA and JAPAN for the above Line are prepared to issue THROUGH BILLS OF LADING for all the principal ports in SOUTH AFRICA, in connection with INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION Co.'s fortnightly service hence to CALCUTTA. Sailings from CALCUTTA for CAPE PORTS every fortnight. For Freight and further particulars, apply to

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED, General Agents for China and Japan. Hongkong, 4th August, 1898.

### MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA.

(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of TAKASIMA, OCHI, MUTABE, HOJO, NAMAZUTA, SAYO, SHINNEW and KAMIYAMADA, Collieries.

SOLE AGENTS FOR KISHIDAKE, MIYAO and KIGYO KOMATSU Coals.

HEAD OFFICE—MARUNOUCHI, TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES—NAGASAKI, MOJI, KARATSU, WAKAMATSU, KOBE, OSAKA, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, HANKOW.

Cable addresses for above, "IWASAKI" Codes, AI, ABC Sh. Ed., Western Union

AGENCIES:—YOKOHAMA: M. ASADA, Esq. CHINKIANG: Messrs. GRABING & Co. MANILA: Messrs. MACONDRAY & Co. For Particulars apply to H. OISHI, Manager, No. 2, Pedder Street, Hongkong, Hongkong, 9th January, 1909.

### NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"KUMSANG," having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside. Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after 4 P.M. on the 3rd Aug. will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense. No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd. General Managers. Hongkong, 30th July, 1909.

THE TIENSIN LIGHTER CO., LD.

LIGHTERAGE, TOWAGE, STEVEDORAGE, ETC.

THE Company possesses a Fleet of Lighters and Tugs and is prepared to undertake the discharge of steamers and lighterage between Taku Bar and Tientsin. DOCK and ENGINEERING YARD, Tientsin.

Estimates for all Classes of ENGINEERING and FOUNDRY WORK, also for Docking and Painting Vessels, given on application to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Managers, Tientsin.

Hongkong, 27th July, 1909.

## Gutler, Palmer & Co.'s

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